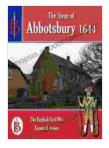
The Siege of Abbotsbury 1644: A Pivotal Battle in the English Civil War

The Siege of Abbotsbury 1644 (Bretwalda Battles)



by Rainbow Rowell

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The Siege of Abbotsbury was a pivotal battle in the English Civil War, fought between the Royalists and the Parliamentarians on 10-11 March 1644. The battle took place at Abbotsbury, a small town in Dorset, England. The Royalists were led by Sir Robert Dormer, while the Parliamentarians were led by Sir Anthony Ashley Cooper.

The battle began on 10 March when the Royalists attacked the town. The Parliamentarians were outnumbered and outgunned, but they managed to hold out for two days. On 11 March, the Royalists launched a final assault on the town. The Parliamentarians were forced to surrender, and the Royalists captured the town.

The Siege of Abbotsbury was a significant victory for the Royalists. It gave them control of Dorset and allowed them to advance into Somerset. The battle also boosted the morale of the Royalists and helped to prolong the war.

Background to the Siege

The English Civil War began in 1642 when King Charles I raised an army to put down the Parliament. The war was fought between the Royalists, who supported the king, and the Parliamentarians, who supported the Parliament. The war was fought over a number of issues, including religion, taxation, and the power of the monarchy.

In 1644, the war was still going on. The Royalists had won some victories, but the Parliamentarians were still in control of most of the country. The Royalists were hoping to win a decisive victory that would end the war. They decided to attack Abbotsbury because it was a strategic town that would give them control of Dorset.

The Battle

The Royalists arrived at Abbotsbury on 10 March 1644. They were outnumbered by the Parliamentarians, but they were better equipped. The Royalists had cannons, while the Parliamentarians had only muskets. The Royalists also had the advantage of surprise. They attacked the town before the Parliamentarians had a chance to prepare for battle.

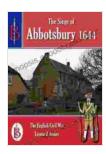
The Parliamentarians were forced to retreat into the town. They fought back bravely, but they were no match for the Royalists' cannons. The Royalists eventually broke through the Parliamentarians' defenses and captured the town.

Aftermath of the Siege

The Siege of Abbotsbury was a significant victory for the Royalists. It gave them control of Dorset and allowed them to advance into Somerset. The battle also boosted the morale of the Royalists and helped to prolong the war.

The Parliamentarians were disappointed by their defeat. They had hoped to win the battle and end the war. However, they were not willing to give up. They continued to fight the Royalists, and the war continued for another four years.

The Siege of Abbotsbury was a pivotal battle in the English Civil War. It gave the Royalists a much-needed victory and helped to prolong the war. The battle also showed that the Parliamentarians were not invincible. They were still willing to fight, but they were no match for the Royalists' cannons.



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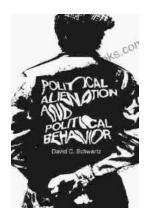
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